# MOODY'S INVESTORS SERVICE

## **CREDIT OPINION**

30 April 2021

## Update

Rate this Research

#### RATINGS

#### Atrium Ljungberg AB

Domicile	Sweden
Long Term Rating	Baa2
Туре	LT Issuer Rating - Dom Curr
Outlook	Stable

Please see the <u>ratings section</u> at the end of this report for more information. The ratings and outlook shown reflect information as of the publication date.

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# Atrium Ljungberg AB

Update to discussion of Key Credit Factors

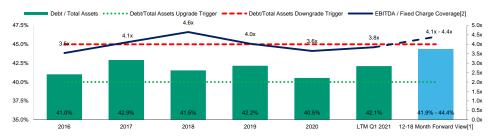
## **Summary**

Atrium Ljungberg's Baa2 issuer rating reflects (1) its strong market position as one of the leading commercial real estate companies in Sweden (Aaa stable); (2) its solid portfolio of mostly large office and retail mixed-use estates, concentrated in Stockholm, which is well-positioned for sustainable long-term growth with a controlled development programme; (3) moderate leverage of 42.1% as of March 2021; (4) strong fixed-charge coverage of 3.8x, also as of March 2021; and (5) an adequate liquidity covering 18 months of liquidity as of Q1 2021 and a comfortable level of unencumbered assets.

Counterbalancing these strengths are: (1) a competitive environment for shopping centers and its broader retail segment combined with the increasing penetration of e-commerce; (2) high net debt/EBITDA due to significant project development; (3) the company's short-dated debt maturity profile of 4.6 years; and (4) a significant but reduced reliance on commercial paper in its funding mix (13% of total debt as of March 2021, down from 30% in December 2016).

#### Exhibit 1

#### Debt/gross assets is in line with expectations Moody's-adjusted debt/gross assets and EBITDA/fixed charge coverage ratio



[1] This represents Moody's forward view, not the view of the issuer.

[2] Fixed charges includes capitalised interest. Explained in Moody's Approach to Global Standard Adjustments in the Analysis of Financial Statements for Non-Financial Corporations, revised August 2018.

Source: Moody's Financial Metrics, Moody's Estimates

## **Credit challenges**

- » Further downside risks because of a potentially prolonged slump driven by the coronavirus outbreak, leading to reductions in rent levels, occupancy and lower market values
- » Controlling shareholders contribute to stability but could hamper access to equity capital
- » Significant exposure to retail

» Short-dated debt maturity profile and heavy reliance on short-term debt which weaken liquidity

## **Credit strengths**

- » Leading Swedish real estate company with a portfolio that is well-positioned for long-term growth
- » The company's controlled development programme and strong pipeline will enhance value
- » Moderate leverage and strong fixed-charge coverage

## **Rating outlook**

The stable outlook reflects our expectation that Atrium Ljungberg will continue to generate stable cash flow, improve its liquidity, and maintain or build further capacity in leverage, other debt ratios and coverage metrics while maintaining high occupancy levels and a balanced growth strategy.

## Factors that could lead to an upgrade

- » Maintains a Moody's-adjusted gross debt/total assets below 40%, with financial policies that support that level, together with a declining trend of Moody's-adjusted net debt to EBITDA
- » Fixed-charge coverage above 4.5x on a sustained basis
- » Considerably reduced reliance on short-term funding and significantly extending debt maturities

## Factors that could lead to a downgrade

- » Moody's-adjusted leverage sustained above 45% with an increasing trend of net debt to EBITDA from current levels or Moody'sadjusted fixed-charge coverage sustained below 3.5x
- » Continued heavy reliance on short-term funding, particularly if no longer fully backed by undrawn long-dated credit facilitiesEffective leverage sustained above 45%

## **Key indicators**

#### Key indicators Atrium Ljungberg AB

	31/12/2016	31/12/2017	31/12/2018	31/12/2019	31/12/2020	LTM 31/03/2021[3]	12-18 Month Forward View[1]
Total Assets (USD Billion)	\$4.1	\$5.2	\$5.1	\$5.5	\$6.0	\$5.9	\$5.9 - \$6.3
Unencumbered Assets %	n.a	39.1%	42.1%	46.5%	46.3%	43.4%	47.2% - 48.3%
Debt / Total Assets	41.0%	42.9%	41.5%	42.2%	40.5%	42.1%	41.9% - 44.4%
Net Debt / EBITDA	10.8x	11.3x	11.9x	12.8x	13.4x	14.0x	14.3x - 14.9x
Secured Debt / Total Assets	23.4%	21.1%	20.0%	17.8%	13.9%	14.4%	14.1% - 14.4%
EBITDA / Fixed Charge Coverage[2]	3.5x	4.1x	4.6x	4.0x	3.6x	3.8x	4.1x - 4.4x

[1] This represents Moody's forward view, not the view of the issuer

[2] Fixed charges includes capitalised interest. Explained in Moody's Approach to Global Standard Adjustments in the Analysis of Financial Statements for Non-Financial Corporations, revised August 2018

[3] As of 3/31/2021(L); Source: Moody's Financial Metrics™

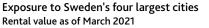
Source: Moody's Financial Metrics

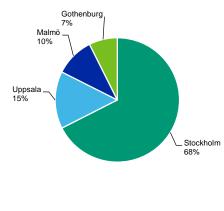
This publication does not announce a credit rating action. For any credit ratings referenced in this publication, please see the ratings tab on the issuer/entity page on www.moodys.com for the most updated credit rating action information and rating history.

## **Corporate profile**

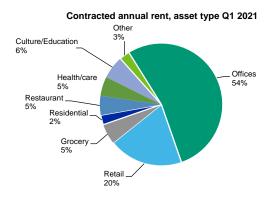
Atrium Ljungberg AB is a real estate company headquartered and listed in Stockholm with a market capitalisation of SEK23.6 billion as of 20 April 2021. The company owns, develops and manages an SEK48.0 billion retail- and office-focused portfolio across Sweden's major cites.

#### Exhibit 3





#### Exhibit 4 74% exposure to offices and retail/FMCG\* Rental value as of March 2021 (excluding project properties)



\*FMCG = fast-moving consumer goods

Source: Atrium Ljungberg

Source: Atrium Ljungberg

## **Detailed credit considerations**

## Leading Swedish real estate company with stable portfolio, well-positioned for long-term growth

Atrium Ljungberg owns an SEK48.0 billion portfolio across Sweden's four largest and fastest growing cities. Its 70 properties spanning more than 1.1 million square metres (sqm) are 91% occupied and generate SEK2.3 billion in annual rent as of end March 2021.

The company focuses on the long-term ownership and development of large mixed-use districts within cities. Most of its mixeduse estates are office- and retail-led, but it also owns residential, cultural and educational facilities. Atrium Ljungberg's pure retail consisting of clothing and fashion exposure is 20%. The retail sector remains under pressure from online growth and because of ongoing structural changes in retail. Dominant shopping centres will benefit from sustained demand from tenants but secondary shopping centres, especially in secondary locations, will suffer declining footfall, falling retail sales and further value declines. In Sweden, the E-commerce share of total sales increased by 13% and the total market share is 11% as of 2019. Although the pace of e-commerce growth has softened in 2019, there are spots for more growth going forward. A good example is FMCG trade, where e-commerce accounts for only 2% of sales as compared to 11% share in the total retail trade in Sweden. The dynamics in retail segment will be inevitably altered by the effect of corona virus pandemic, which will add to the already existing challenges. The negative impact of the corona virus shock will be more pronounced for <u>nonfood and apparel</u> sub-segments, while <u>food and grocery</u> retailers are more insulated.

After having divested several retail properties in 2018, Atrium Ljungberg has slightly increased its exposure to the retail sector in 2019. In March 2020, the company sold Farsta Centrum for almost SEK 4 billion and this transaction was closed on June 1, 2020. After the sale of Farsta Centrum, Atrium Ljungberg has three regional retail hubs, Sickla in the greater Stockholm area, Uppsala and Mobilia in Malmö. The retail part in Atrium Ljungberg's portfolio is not a pure shopping centre setup with the exception of Mobilia, but it is rather mixed-use estates which benefit from footfall from both the office estates during working hours and residential estates after working-hours.

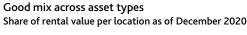
Atrium Ljungberg's properties are in well-connected locations and provide good services and facilities. The company will invest around SEK2 billion per annum over the next two years on redevelopment and refurbishment projects within its existing portfolio that we

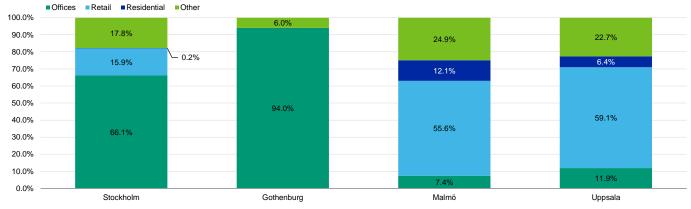
believe will enhance the portfolio's overall value. The potential to organically grow the current portfolio by more than a quarter from identified projects provides the company with a degree of stability and predictability, and makes it less reliant on acquisitions in a competitive investment market.

Several positive aspects to Atrium Ljungberg's strategy of controlling large estates will help sustain cash flows and asset values over the longer term. Control over large estates provides greater flexibility to create the right mix between retail/leisure, office and residential in responding to ever-changing market demands. In addition, critical mass in certain locations puts the company in a better position to work with local municipalities through the often long and difficult planning process that is a key driver of value.

An inevitable consequence of the company's approach is a higher micro-location concentration than we typically see with other real estate companies. However, this concentration risk is largely offset by the company's geographic diversification and exposure to varied underlying economic drivers.

#### Exhibit 5





Excludes garage and other space

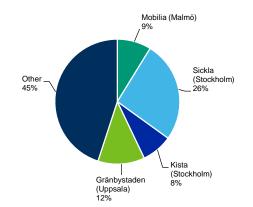
"Other" includes healthcare, culture, education and restaurants Source: Atrium Ljungberg

Another consequence of the company's strategy is the higher concentration of its office portfolio in suburbs as opposed to more central districts. While neither a major nor immediate concern, values of less central office locations tend to underperform in a downturn. As of 31 December 2020, average prime office yields in Stockholm in central locations were 3.3%, compared with a historical eight-year high of 5.6%, while the average prime office yields for less central Stockholm offices were 4.3% compared with a eight-year high of 6.9%. Rental growth for central Stockholm offices has outperformed less central locations over the past five years, with a 8.0% compound annual growth rate (CAGR) compared with around 3.7% for less central locations.<sup>1</sup>

We are comfortable with the company's 68% concentration in Stockholm, which generates around a third of Sweden's GDP, because we do not believe this concentration will lead to a material divergence from overall economic and property trends. Stockholm is also likely to outperform other Swedish regions in respect of population and economic growth. Stockholm is one of Sweden's strongest property markets and benefits from diverse corporate demand for office space. It is also Sweden's largest and most liquid commercial real estate investment market, attracting 24% of the SEK180 billion investment volume in 2020.<sup>2</sup> Stockholm also attracts consumers with disposable incomes above the national average that will help sustain the company's shopping centres as an attractive place for retailers to locate.

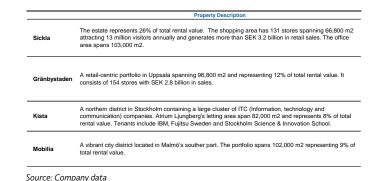
The company's SEK2.3 billion in annual rent (March 2021) has an average remaining lease length of around 3.4 years and is spread across approximately 1,933 tenants that are well-diversified across industries. The 10 largest tenants account for 21% of the company's rental income. Positively, around 8% of rent is from government-related entities that we view as ultimately the credit risk of the government of Sweden. Around 14% of current contracted rental income will be renegotiated in 2021. We expect the company to maintain its strong releting record and keep its occupancy rate around 95%.

#### Exhibit 6 Four largest clusters Rental value as of December 2020



## Exhibit 7

Description of five largest clusters



Source: Company data

## Property market fundamentals may face more challenges by a difficult macroeconomic environment<sup>3</sup>

Atrium Ljungberg reported a -1.1% like-for-like rental decrease as of end-Q1 2021 compared with Q1 2020, with the office portfolio demonstrating 1.1% growth trumping a decline in the retail segment of 4.4%, caused mostly by higher vacancies and lower sales rent. Uncertainties corresponding to the impact of corona virus will weigh on the operating performance in 2021 and we expect that the office part of the portfolio will to some extent balance the negative pressure arising from a downturn in retail. The office part will not be immune as there are uncertainties how work from home will develop in the longer term, which can lead to increasing yields, lower rents and higher vacancy.

Even before the corona virus outbreak Swedish economy experienced a softening in economic indicators and as a result Swedish GDP growth slowed to 1.3% in 2019 compared to 2.0% in 2018. The global spread of the COVID-19 virus as of March 2021 has caused both a supply and demand shock to the world economy. In Sweden, as in many other economies, the outbreak is severely hampering trade and supply chains, as well as depressing domestic consumption. This being said, the official strategy differs from that of many other European countries, as Sweden has not implemented lock-downs, keeping businesses and schools open. The Swedish authorities outlined a package of measures to mitigate the negative effects of Covid-19 on the economy. The package includes both fiscal support (implementation of the layoff scheme, tax deferrals and targeted sector support) and monetary accommodation (lending program of up to SEK500 billion to support companies' liquidity and purchase of securities by up to SEK 300 billion in 2020, reduction in the lending rate for overnight loans to banks from 0.75 to 0.20 percentage points above the repo rate). Overall, the comprehensive policy package will help to partly mitigate the negative effect of the coronavirus. As in many other countries, its effectiveness will, however, be conditional on the authorities ability to contain the spread of the virus. As a result, Moody's has revised its GDP growth forecasts for 2021 down to 3.0%. Given the circumstances, risks are clearly tilted to the downside.

## Controlled development programme with strong pipeline will enhance value

The company's SEK6.4 billion (SEK 2.6 billion remaining to be spent) development pipeline of ongoing projects that is high at around 13% of total assets. In addition, the company plans for longer-term SEK36 billion of potential development projects. Investments in new residential, office, and retail space are likely to increase footfall and make its large estates more attractive to potential tenants.

We expect the company to maintain its roughly 2-3% exposure to residential properties over the next few years, but believe the asset class diversification benefit is higher than the 2-3% suggests. We expect the company to increasingly develop and sell residential units into the undersupplied housing market, and to generally only keep residential units it wants to rent or which are designated as rental stock under planning regulations.

The company wholly owns TL Bygg, a building contractor with 129 employees and around SEK858 million in annual sales that is experienced in costing, purchasing and project management. TL Bygg performs work for both Atrium Ljungberg and external third

parties. Atrium Ljungberg provides parent guarantees to TL Bygg that are normally 10% of the contract amount during construction, falling to 5% during the subsequent five-year warranty period.

We believe TL Bygg provides Atrium Ljungberg with valuable in-house expertise in planning and executing its development projects, helping it to extract maximum value from its portfolio. We expect the company to continue to manage TL Bygg in a disciplined and controlled manner, and to not take on risks with the potential to create a material financial liability for the whole group.

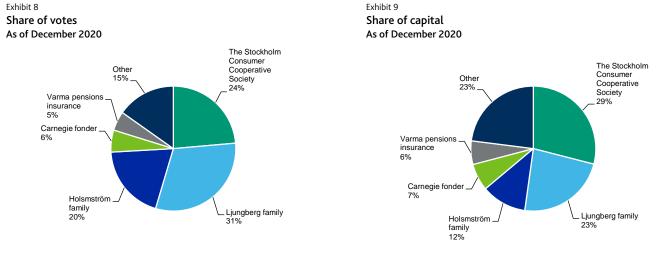
## Moderate leverage and strong fixed-charge coverage

The company's financial policy is to keep its gearing ratio as measured by debt to the fair value of investment properties below 45%. The most recent leverage as measured by Moody's adjusted gross debt/assets was 42.1% and we expect the company to maintain its established track record of keeping leverage as measured by Moody's gross debt/assets within the range of 40-45%. However, net debt/EBITDA rose to 14.0x as of LTM Q1 2021 from 9.4x in 2015 reflecting sizeable development activities but also leveraging of compressed yields. Unsecured creditors are adequately covered with unencumbered assets providing 1.6x coverage. We expect the company to sustain its strong fixed-charge cover, which is currently solid at 3.8x.

## Controlling shareholders contribute to stability but could hamper access to equity capital

We believe the three largest shareholders, who together control around 75% of the company's votes, contribute to the company's stability and allow management the time and space to build long-term value. Furthermore, we believe the controlling shareholders are a key influence in keeping the company's leverage well below most of its Swedish real estate peers.

Counterbalancing these positives is our view that the current shareholder structure somewhat limits liquidity because it reduces the free float and may make it more difficult to raise equity if needed. However, we do not envisage the company needing to raise capital in the near future. Moreover, the company pays out less cash to shareholders than many of its European peers, and unlike real estate investment trusts (REITs) has no legal obligation to pay a high proportion in dividends. This gives it more leeway to use funds from operations to reduce leverage if needed.



Source: Company data

Source: Company data

## Short-dated debt maturity profile and heavy reliance on short-term debt

The company's average debt maturity was 4.6 years as of 31 March 2021, up from three years in 2013, dragged down by the 13% reliance on commercial paper in its funding mix. Six percent of its debt matures in 2021. Positively, the company's SEK5 billion commercial paper programme is fully backed by undrawn revolving credit facilities (RCFs) with a staggered maturity profile until 2029. The average cost of debt was low at 1.6% as of March 2021, which has benefited the company's fixed-charge coverage ratio.

Secured bank lending amounts to 36% of the company's outstanding debt. For the most part it contains cross default provisions and benefits from parent guarantees.

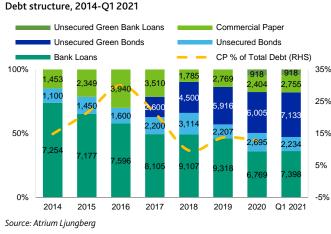
The company's average interest rate fixing period is 4.6 years, the same as the average debt maturity. As of 31 March 2021, it held SEK14.7 billion in interest and currency swaps covering 72% of outstanding debt with various maturity dates until 2030. The company booked a SEK210 million unrealised gain on its derivatives portfolio in Q1 2021, bringing the accumulated unrealised losses to SEK285 million.

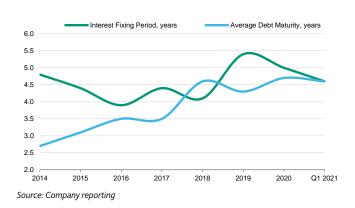
Exhibit 11

Average debt maturity has increased

#### Exhibit 10

# Reliance on commercial paper has reduced (13% of total debt as of March 2021)





## **Liquidity analysis**

The company has adequate liquidity, underpinned by:

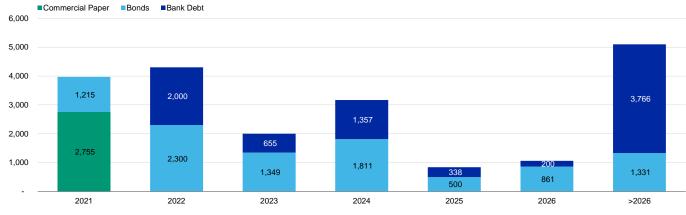
- » Cash position of SEK1.2 billion as of 31 March 2021 and SEK 640 million proceeds from bond issuance
- » SEK300 million of an undrawn on-demand overdraft credit facility
- » Secure and stable SEK2.3 billion gross annual rental income stream
- » SEK5.35 billion of undrawn RCFs, mainly backing its commercial paper programme but which could be used for general corporate purposes. The RCFs are spread across several facilities with well-staggered maturities between November 2022 and June 2028.
- » SEK22.3 billion pool of unencumbered assets as of end March 2021

We view the company's significant short-term funding as credit negative and a potential threat to liquidity because it increases the duration mismatch between funding sources and the long-term nature of real estate assets. Moreover, companies with a high proportion of short-term debt are more vulnerable to instability in capital and lending markets, and more quickly affected by a change of sentiment towards the cyclical real estate sector. However, we are comfortable that the long-dated RCFs with ample covenant headroom provide a backstop against the unlikely risk that the company could struggle to roll over its commercial paper. We expect the company to continue to rely on long-term sources of funding to a greater extent.

We expect the major demands on cash from operations in the next 12-18 months to come from capital expenditure on redevelopments and refurbishments of properties, as well as dividend payments. Other than rolling over the SEK2.76 billion of commercial paper outstanding, the company will need to refinance SEK2.16 billion of bonds and SEK618 million of bank debt maturing in the next 18 months.

#### Exhibit 12

### Front-loaded debt maturity structure Debt maturities as of March 2021 SEK million



Source: Atrium Ljungberg

# Ample headroom under the RCF and bank loan covenants Atrium Ljungberg AB

	Covenant	Level as of December 2020	Headroom under the covenant
Interest Coverage Ratio, termination rights	1.3x - 1.7x	4.6x	307%
Equity / Assets ratio, %	25% - 30%	45.7%	166%
Leverage at property level (individual loans limited of maximum LTV)	65% - 75%	met	N/A

Source: Atrium Ljungberg

Exhibit 13

## **Rating methodology and scorecard factors**

The principal methodology used in this rating was Global Rating Methodology for REITs and Other Commercial Property Firms published in September 2018. Please see the Rating Methodologies page on www.moodys.com for a copy of this methodology.

The current grid-indicated Baa3 rating is one notch lower than the Moody's forward view grid outcome. The one notch gap between the rating assigned and the grid implied rating reflects the greater emphasis we have placed in our assessment on the company's debt to assets and fixed charges coverage ratios compared to the weights in the grid.

## Rating Factors

Atrium Ljungberg AB

Atrium Ljungberg AB				
REITs and Other Commercial Real Estate Firms Industry Scorecard [1][2]	Current LTM 3/31/2021		Moody's 12-18 Month Forward View As of 4/26/2021 [3]	
Factor 1 : Scale (5%)	Measure	Score	Measure	Score
a) Gross Assets (USD Billion)	\$5.9	Baa	\$5.9 - \$6.3	Baa
Factor 2 : Business Profile (25%)				
a) Market Positioning and Asset Quality	Baa	Baa	Baa	Baa
b) Operating Environment	A	A	A	А
Factor 3 : Liquidity and Access To Capital (25%)				
a) Liquidity and Access to Capital	Ва	Ba	Ва	Ba
b) Unencumbered Assets / Gross Assets	43.4%	Ba	47.2% - 48.3%	Ba
Factor 4 : Leverage and Coverage (45%)		·		
a) Total Debt + Preferred Stock / Gross Assets	42.1%	Baa	41.9% - 44.4%	Baa
b) Net Debt / EBITDA	14.0x	Са	14.3x - 14.9x	Ca
c) Secured Debt / Gross Assets	14.4%	Baa	14.1% - 14.4%	Baa
d) Fixed Charge Coverage	3.8x	Baa	4.1x - 4.4x	Baa
Rating:				
a) Scorecard-Indicated Outcome		Ba1		Baa3
b) Actual Rating Assigned				Baa2

[1] All ratios are based on 'Adjusted' financial data and incorporate Moody's Global Standard Adjustments for Non-Financial Corporations.

[2] As of 3/31/2021(L); Source: Moody's Financial Metrics™

[3] This represents Moody's forward view; not the view of the issuer; and unless noted in the text, does not incorporate significant acquisitions and divestitures Source: Moody's Financial Metrics<sup>TM</sup>

## Ratings

Exhibit 15

Category	Moody's Rating
ATRIUM LJUNGBERG AB	
Outlook	Stable
Issuer Rating -Dom Curr	Baa2
Source: Moody's Investors Service	

## Appendix

#### Exhibit 16 Rating factors peers

	Atrium Ljungberg Baa2/STA		Fabege AB Baa2/STA		Vasakronan AB A3 (BCA: baa1)/STA		Humlegården Fastigheter AB Baa2/STA	
	Mar-21(L)	Fwd View[2]	Dec-20	Fwd View[2]	Sep-20(L)	Fwd View[2]	Dec-20	Fwd View[2]
Gross Assets (USD Billion)	\$5.9	\$5.9 - \$6.3	\$9.6	\$9 - \$10	\$19.4	\$18 - \$19	\$4.5	\$4.4 - \$4.5
Unencumbered Assets / Gross Assets	43.4%	47.2% - 48.3%	37.4%	45.0%	71.0%	65% - 70%	66.9%	66% - 67%
Total Debt / Gross Assets	42.1%	41.9% - 44.4%	35.0%	35% - 37%	41.7%	41% - 42%	39.7%	39% - 40%
Net Debt / EBITDA	14.0x	14.3x - 14.9x	13.5x	13.2x - 13.5x	13.5x	10x - 11x	12.4x	12.0x - 12.5x
Secured Debt / Gross Assets	14.4%	14.1% - 14.4%	21.1%	17.0%	6.3%	6.5% - 7.5%	13.6%	12.8% - 13.1%
Fixed-Charge Coverage	3.8x	4.1x - 4.4x	4.0x	4.10x	3.7x	4.0x - 4.5x	4.7x	4.8x - 5.0x

	TLG Im	TLG Immobilien AG CA Immobilien Anl: Baa2/POS Baa2/RUR		CA Immobilien Anlagen AG		Castellum AB		MERLIN Properties	
	Ba			aa2/RUR	Baa2/STA		Baa2/NEG		
	Jun-20(L)	Fwd View[2]	Dec-20	Fwd View[2]	Dec-20	Fwd View[2]	Dec-20	Fwd View[2]	
Gross Assets (USD Billion)	\$7.9	\$7.9 - \$8.1	\$8.3	\$7.7 - \$8.2	\$13.4	\$10.3 - \$10.5	\$16.5	\$13.4 - \$14.7	
Unencumbered Assets / Gross Assets	60.0%	69.0%	55.3%	47.5% - 52.5%	59.1%	60.0%	85.3%	80% - 85%	
Total Debt / Gross Assets	38.4%	38% - 40%	41.5%	40%- 45%	42.4%	44% - 45%	42.1%	43% - 46%	
Net Debt / EBITDA	14.3x	9.5x - 10.5x	10.4x	11.5x - 12.5x	11.2x	10.5x - 11.0x	16.9x	13.9x - 15.6x	
Secured Debt / Gross Assets	15.1%	13% - 15%	15.3%	15% - 17%	6.9%	9% - 10%	5.3%	6% - 9%	
Fixed-Charge Coverage	3.5x	3.7x - 4.6x	3.6x	3.0x - 3.5x	4.9x	4.5x - 4.6x	2.1x	2.6x - 3.2x	

[1] Financials based on FY2020 reported financials and Moody's Standard Adjustments for Non-Financial Corporations

[2] This represents Moody's forward view; not the view of the issuer; and unless noted in the text, does not incorporate significant acquisitions and divestitures

All ratios are based on 'Adjusted' financial data and incorporate Moody's Global Standard Adjustments for Non-Financial Corporations

Source: Moody's Financial Metrics™

#### Exhibit 17

#### Moody's adjusted debt breakdown

SEK Million	FYE Dec-17	FYE Dec-18	FYE Dec-19	FYE Dec-20	LTM Ending Mar-21
Reported Debt	18,247	18,506	21,516	20,084	21,617
Operating Leases	176	400	-	-	-
Moody's Adjusted Debt	18,423	18,906	21,516	20,084	21,617

Source: Moody's Financial Metrics™

#### Exhibit 18

### Moody's adjusted EBITDA breakdown

	FYE	FYE	FYE	FYE	LTM Ending
SEK Million	Dec-17	Dec-18	Dec-19	Dec-20	Mar-21
Reported EBITDA	3,490	4,095	3,859	1,025	3,099
Operating Leases	44	40	-	-	-
Fair Value Gains & One-offs	-1,929	-2,568	-2,216	452	-1,647
Moody's Adjusted EBITDA	1,605	1,567	1,643	1,477	1,452

Moody's defines EBITDA as pretax income + interest expense + D&A Source: Moody's Financial Metrics™

### Exhibit 19

## Moody's adjusted assets breakdown

SEK Million	FYE Dec-17	FYE Dec-18	FYE Dec-19	FYE Dec-20	LTM Ending Mar-21
Reported Total Assets	42,763	45,128	51,056	49,615	51,327
Operating Leases	176	400	-	-	-
Capitalized Interest	-13	-16	-12	-65	-
Moody's Adjusted Total Assets	42,926	45,512	51,044	49,550	51,327

Source: Moody's Financial Metrics™

## Endnotes

<u>1</u> JLL Nordic Outlook - Spring 2021.

- 2 CBRE Reasearch 2021.
- 3 Moody's Global Macro Outlook 2020-21

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